

# Jupiter

Enter

Fact 5

Order form  
the sun

Fact 7

Atmosphere  
and planet  
composition

Fact 8

Temperature

Fact 9

Length of day  
and year

Fact 6

Number of  
satellites

Fact 4

Distance from the  
sun

Fact 3

Diameter  
/Surface  
features

Fact 2

What is  
the  
importance  
of its  
name?

Fact 1

When it was  
discovered  
and what  
space crafts  
have  
observed it

Fact 10

Age and  
height on  
Jupiter

When it was  
discovered and  
spacecrafts that have  
observed it



Jupiter was first observed in 1610 by Galileo. Since then, many spacecrafts have observed or landed on the planet, including: Pioneer 10 (1973), Pioneer 11, Voyager 1, Voyager 2, Ulysses, Galileo, and Cassini-Huygens.

[Exit](#)

## Importance of its name

Exit



The planet Jupiter was named after the King of Roman Gods, Jupiter. This is because Jupiter is the biggest planet in our solar system.

Diameter  
and surface  
features

Exit

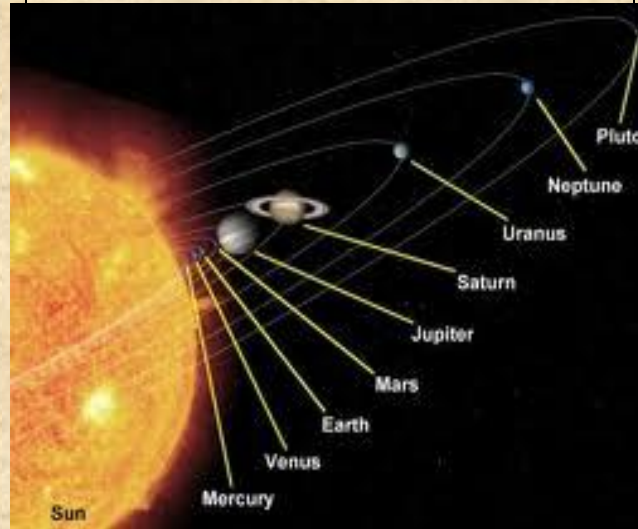


The diameter of Jupiter is 142,800 kilometers, making it the largest planet. Jupiter has one very large surface feature, which we call the Great Red Spot. The Great Red Spot is a huge mass of swirling gas, and is bigger than planet Earth.



Distance  
from the  
sun

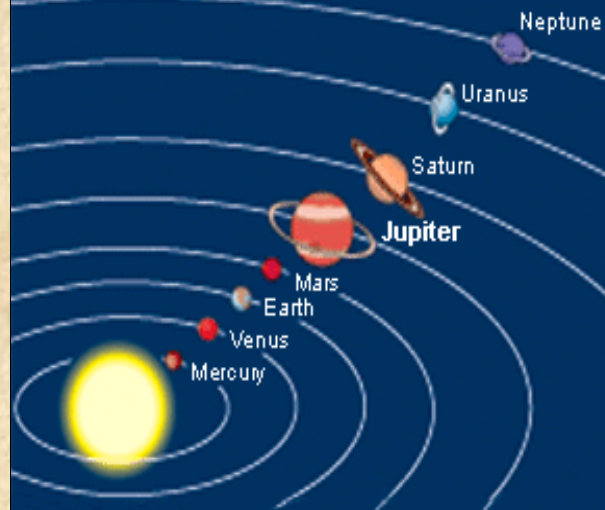
Exit



Jupiter is about 778,330,000 kilometers from the sun.

Order from  
the sun

Exit



In our solar system containing nine planets, Jupiter is the fifth planet from the sun.

Number of  
satellites

Exit



The planet Jupiter has 27 satellites (moons) in its orbit. This is because of Jupiter's extreme gravity pull. Some of the big moons are Io and Europa.



## Atmosphere and surface composition

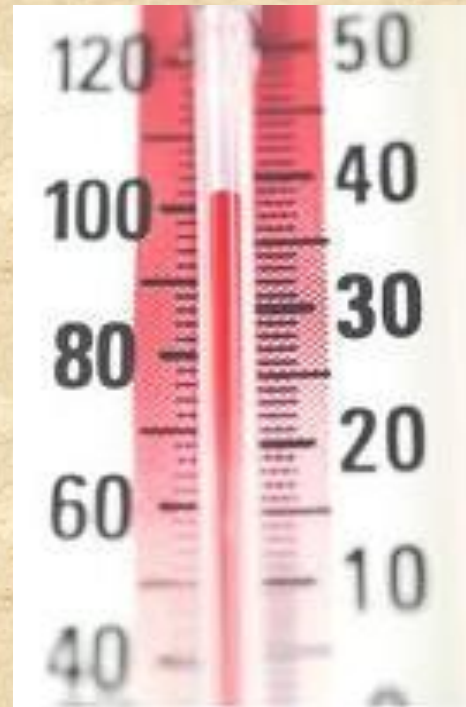
Exit



The atmosphere surrounding Jupiter is made up of hydrogen and helium. Jupiter itself is an all gas planet, mainly composed of Hydrogen ( $H_2$ ), water ( $H_2O$ ), ammonia ( $NH_3$ ), methane ( $CH_4$ ), and hydrogen sulfide ( $H_2S$ ).



## Temperature of Jupiter

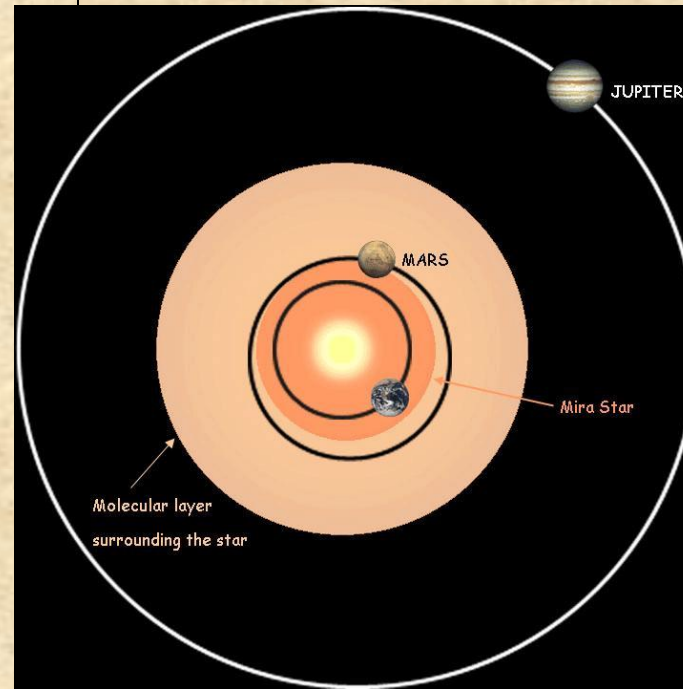


Exit

Jupiter's average temperature is  $-203^{\circ}\text{F}$ . This is because it is far away from the sun (5<sup>th</sup> planet).

## Length of a day and a year on Jupiter

Exit



On the planet Jupiter, one day (the time it takes to spin once on its axis) is equal to 9.8 Earth hours, this is called a Jovian day. One year (time it takes for Jupiter to orbit the sun) is equal to 11.86 Earth years, this is called a Jovian year.

My age and weight  
on planet Jupiter.

Exit



On planet Earth, I am 13 years old and 85 pounds.  
This is equal to 1.11 years on Jupiter, and 200.9  
pounds.

# Sources Cited

- <http://www.nasm.si.edu/etp/>

➤ <http://www.astronomy.com/asy/default.aspx?c=ss&id=127>

<http://science.nationalgeographic.com/science/space/solar-system>

➤ <http://www.enchantedlearning.com/subjects/astronomy/solarsystem/>